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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the

application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (original): A method of nucleic acid infusion, comprising the following steps (a)

and (b):

(a) bringing a nucleic acid, a hypertonic solution and cells into contact with each

other; and

(b) lowering osmotic pressure of the hypertonic solution after the step (a).

2. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 1, wherein the

step (b) comprises lowering the osmotic pressure by bringing a hypotonic solution and the cells

into contact with each other.

3. (currently amended): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 1-or

2, wherein the nucleic acid is oligonucleotide.

4. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 3, wherein the

oligonucleotide is single-stranded oligonucleotide, double-stranded oligonucleotide or an analog

thereof.

5. (currently amended): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 3-or

4, wherein the oligonucleotide is deoxyribonucleotide (DNA), ribonucleotide (RNA),

phosphorothioate oligodeoxynucleotide, a 2'-O-(2-methoxy)ethyl-modified nucleic acid (2'-

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MOE-modified nucleic acid), small interfering RNA (siRNA), a locked nucleic acid (LNA), a

peptide nucleic acid (PNA) or morpholino antisense oligonucleotide.

6. (currently amended): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to any of

claims 1 to 5 claim 1, wherein the hypertonic solution comprises at least one substance which is

oligosaccharide or polyhydric alcohol.

7. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 6, wherein the

oligosaccharide is disaccharide.

8. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 7, wherein the

disaccharide is sucrose, maltose or lactose.

9. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 6, wherein the

polyhydric alcohol is diol, triol, polyol or sugar alcohol.

10. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 9, wherein the

diol is a glycol derivative.

11. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 9, wherein the

triol is a glycerol derivative.

12. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 9, wherein the

polyol is a polyglycol derivative.

13. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 9, wherein the

sugar alcohol is monosaccharide alcohol or oligosaccharide alcohol.

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- 14. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 13, wherein the oligosaccharide alcohol is disaccharide alcohol.
- 15. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 10, wherein the glycol derivative is ethylene glycol.
- 16. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 11, wherein the glycerol derivative is glycerol.
- 17. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 12, wherein the polyglycol derivative is polyethylene glycol.
- 18. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 17, wherein the polyethylene glycol has a molecular weight of 2000 or less.
- 19. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 18, wherein the polyethylene glycol is PEG200, PEG300, PEG400, PEG600, PEG1000, PEG1500, PEG1540 or PEG 2000.
- 20. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 13, wherein the monosaccharide alcohol is mannitol, sorbitol, xylitol or erythritol.
- 21. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 14, wherein the disaccharide alcohol is maltitol, lactitol or reduced palatinose.
- 22. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 6, wherein the hypertonic solution comprises (1) at least one substance which is oligosaccharide or sugar alcohol and (2) at least one substance which is diol, triol or polyol.

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23. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 22, wherein the oligosaccharide is disaccharide.

- 24. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 23, wherein the disaccharide is sucrose, maltose or lactose.
- 25. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 22, wherein the sugar alcohol is monosaccharide alcohol or oligosaccharide alcohol.
- 26. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 25, wherein the oligosaccharide alcohol is disaccharide alcohol.
- 27. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 25, wherein the monosaccharide alcohol is mannitol, sorbitol, xylitol or erythritol.
- 28. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 26, wherein the disaccharide alcohol is maltitol, lactitol or reduced palatinose.
- 29. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 22, wherein the diol is a glycol derivative.
- 30. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 22, wherein the triol is a glycerol derivative.
- 31. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 22, wherein the polyol is a polyglycol derivative.
- 32. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 29, wherein the glycol derivative is ethylene glycol.

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33. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 30, wherein the glycerol derivative is glycerol.

- 34. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 31, wherein the polyglycol derivative is polyethylene glycol.
- 35. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 34, wherein the polyethylene glycol has a molecular weight of 2000 or less.
- 36. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 35, wherein the polyethylene glycol is PEG200, PEG300, PEG400, PEG600, PEG1000, PEG1500, PEG1540 or PEG2000.
- 37. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 22, wherein the hypertonic solution comprises (1) at least one substance selected from sucrose, mannitol, sorbitol and xylitol and (2) at least one substance selected from PEG200, PEG300, PEG400, PEG600, PEG1000, PEG1500, PEG1540, PEG2000 and glycerol.
- 38. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 37, wherein the hypertonic solution comprises (1) sucrose, mannitol, sorbitol or xylitol and (2) PEG200, PEG300, PEG400, PEG600, PEG1000, PEG1500, PEG1540, PEG2000 or glycerol.
- 39. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 6, wherein the hypertonic solution comprises one substance which is oligosaccharide or sugar alcohol.
- 40. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 39, wherein the oligosaccharide is disaccharide.

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41. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 40, wherein the disaccharide is sucrose, maltose or lactose.

- 42. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 39, wherein the sugar alcohol is monosaccharide alcohol or oligosaccharide alcohol.
- 43. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 42, wherein the oligosaccharide alcohol is disaccharide alcohol.
- 44. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 42, wherein the monosaccharide alcohol is mannitol, sorbitol, xylitol or erythritol.
- 45. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 43, wherein the disaccharide alcohol is maltitol, lactitol or reduced palatinose.
- 46. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 39, wherein the hypertonic solution comprises sucrose, mannitol, sorbitol, xylitol or maltitol.
- 47. (currently amended): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to any of claims 1 to 46claim 1, wherein the oligosaccharide and/or the polyhydric alcohol in the hypertonic solution has a total molarity of 0.29 M to 3 M.
- 48. (original): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to claim 47, wherein the oligosaccharide and/or the polyhydric alcohol in the hypertonic solution has a total molarity of 0.5 M to 2.1 M.
- 49. (currently amended): The method of nucleic acid infusion according to any of claims 2 to 48claim 2, wherein the hypotonic solution has isotonic osmotic pressure or lower.

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50. (original): A reagent for nucleic acid infusion, comprising as an ingredient at

least one substance which is oligosaccharide or polyhydric alcohol.

51. (currently amended): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 50,

wherein the reagent is used in a method of nucleic acid infusion, comprising the following steps

(a) and (b):

(a) bringing a nucleic acid, a hypertonic solution and cells into contact with each

other; and

(b) lowering osmotic pressure of the hypertonic solution after the step (a) according

to any of claims 1 to 49.

52. (currently amended): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 50

or 51, wherein the oligosaccharide is disaccharide.

53. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 52, wherein

the disaccharide is sucrose, maltose or lactose.

54. (currently amended): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 50

or 51, wherein the polyhydric alcohol is diol, triol, polyol or sugar alcohol.

55. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 54, wherein

the diol is a glycol derivative.

56. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 54, wherein

the triol is a glycerol derivative.

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57. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 54, wherein

the polyol is a polyglycol derivative.

58. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 54, wherein

the sugar alcohol is monosaccharide alcohol or oligosaccharide alcohol.

59. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 58, wherein

the oligosaccharide alcohol is disaccharide alcohol.

60. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 55, wherein

the glycol derivative is ethylene glycol.

61. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 56, wherein

the glycerol derivative is glycerol.

62. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 57, wherein

the polyglycol derivative is polyethylene glycol.

63. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 62, wherein

the polyethylene glycol has a molecular weight of 2000 or less.

64. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 63, wherein

the polyethylene glycol is PEG200, PEG300, PEG400, PEG600, PEG1000, PEG1500, PEG1540

or PEG2000.

65. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 58, wherein

the monosaccharide alcohol is mannitol, sorbitol, xylitol or erythritol.

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66. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 59, wherein the disaccharide alcohol is maltitol, lactitol or reduced palatinose.

- 67. (currently amended): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 50 or 51, wherein the reagent comprises as ingredients (1) at least one substance which is oligosaccharide or sugar alcohol and (2) at least one substance which is diol, triol or polyol.
- 68. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 67, wherein the oligosaccharide is disaccharide.
- 69. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 68, wherein the disaccharide is sucrose, maltose or lactose.
- 70. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 67, wherein the sugar alcohol is monosaccharide alcohol or oligosaccharide alcohol.
- 71. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 70, wherein the oligosaccharide alcohol is disaccharide alcohol.
- 72. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 70, wherein the monosaccharide alcohol is mannitol, sorbitol, xylitol or erythritol.
- 73. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 71, wherein the disaccharide alcohol is maltitol, lactitol or reduced palatinose.
- 74. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 67, wherein the diol is a glycol derivative.

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75. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 67, wherein

the triol is a glycerol derivative.

76. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 67, wherein

the polyol is a polyglycol derivative.

77. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 74, wherein

the glycol derivative is ethylene glycol.

78. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 75, wherein

the glycerol derivative is glycerol.

79. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 76, wherein

the polyglycol derivative is polyethylene glycol.

80. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 79, wherein

the polyethylene glycol has a molecular weight of 2000 or less.

81. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 80, wherein

the polyethylene glycol is PEG200, PEG300, PEG400, PEG600, PEG1000, PEG1500, PEG1540

or PEG2000.

82. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 67, wherein

the reagent comprises as ingredients (1) at least one substance selected from sucrose, mannitol,

sorbitol and xylitol and (2) at least one substance selected from PEG200, PEG300, PEG400,

PEG600, PEG1000, PEG1500, PEG1540, PEG2000 and glycerol.

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83. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 82, wherein the reagent comprises as ingredients (1) sucrose, mannitol, sorbitol or xylitol and (2) PEG200, PEG300, PEG400, PEG600, PEG1000, PEG1500, PEG1540, PEG2000 or glycerol.

- 84. (currently amended): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 50 or 51, wherein the reagent comprises as an ingredient at least one substance which is oligosaccharide or sugar alcohol.
- 85. (original): The method for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 84, wherein the oligosaccharide is disaccharide.
- 86. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 85, wherein the disaccharide is sucrose, maltose or lactose.
- 87. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 84, wherein the sugar alcohol is monosaccharide alcohol or oligosaccharide alcohol.
- 88. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 87, wherein the oligosaccharide alcohol is disaccharide alcohol.
- 89. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 87, wherein the monosaccharide alcohol is mannitol, sorbitol, xylitol or erythritol.
- 90. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 88, wherein the disaccharide alcohol is maltitol, lactitol or reduced palatinose.
- 91. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 84, wherein the reagent comprises as an ingredient sucrose, mannitol, sorbitol, xylitol or maltitol.

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92. (currently amended): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to any of

claims 50 to 91 claim 50, wherein the ingredient is in the form of a solid or liquid.

93. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 92, wherein

the reagent comprises two or more ingredients which are each oligosaccharide or polyhydric

alcohol, and the ingredients are each independently in the form of a solid or liquid.

94. (currently amended): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to any of

claims 50 to 93 claim 50, wherein the reagent is prepared in advance so that the oligosaccharide

and/or the polyhydric alcohol in a hypertonic solution has a total molarity of 0.29 M to 3 M.

95. (original): The reagent for nucleic acid infusion according to claim 94, wherein

the reagent is prepared in advance so that the oligosaccharide and/or the polyhydric alcohol in a

hypertonic solution has a total molarity of 0.5 M to 2.1 M.

96. (currently amended): A kit for nucleic acid infusion, comprising a reagent

according to any of claims 50 to 95 claim 50.

97. (currently amended): Use of a reagent or a kit according to any of claims 50 to

96 claim 50 in nucleic acid infusion.

98. (currently amended): A nucleic acid infusion agent, comprising as an ingredient a

reagent or a kit according to any of claims 50 to 96 claim 50.

99. (currently amended): A cell with a nucleic acid infused thereinto by a method of

infusion according to any of claims 1 to 49 claim 1.

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100. (currently amended): A macrophage-like cell line RAW264.7 cell, a hybridoma DO11.10 cell, a primary cultured hepatocyte, a primary cultured myoblast, a primary cultured muscle cell, a primary cultured adipocyte precursor cell, a primary cultured adipocyte or a primary cultured neuron with a nucleic acid infused thereinto by a method of infusion according to any of claims 1 to 49claim 1.

- 101. (currently amended): Cell-derived RNA or protein prepared from a cell according to claim 99-or 100.
- 102. (currently amended): A method of functional analysis of a gene or protein associated with an infused nucleic acid, characterized by using a cell according to claim 99 or 100 or cell-derived RNA or protein according to claim 10199.